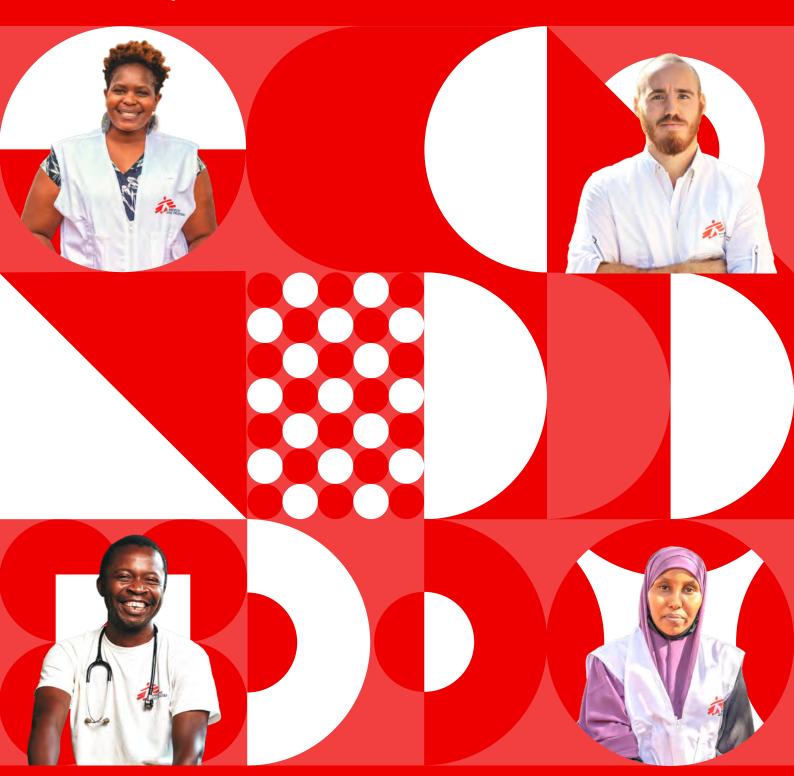
## TELEMEDICINE

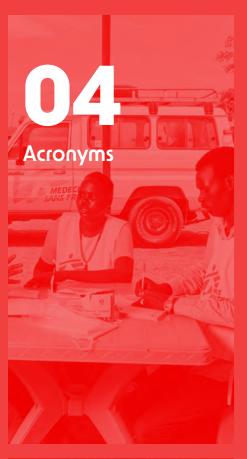
**Annual Report 2023** 







## CONTENTS















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## **ACRONYMS**

ATFC Ambulatory Therapeutic Feeding Centres

CCD Clinical Case Discussion

HIV Human Immunodeficiency Virus

Intensive Care Unit

Internally Displaced Person

MSF Médecins sans Frontières

Operational Centre

OCA Operational Centre Amsterdam

OCB Operational Centre Brussels

OCBA Operational Centre
Barcelona-Athens

OCG Operational Centre Geneva

OCP Operational Centre Paris

**POCUS** Point of Care Ultrasound

Regional Implementation Officer

**SJS** Stevens-Johnson Syndrome

SM Secure Messaging

**TM** Telemedicine

**WaCA** West and Central Africa

"2023 is a pivotal year for Telemedicine at MSF. Our teams have made great strides in their knowledge and use of it. The next few years will be just as interesting, thanks to the evolution of new technologies and their application across our medical teams. The link between the network of specialists and clinicians on the ground is crucial to improving the care of our patients, but also to continuous learning."



## HIGHLIGHTS





Target Baseline 2022

#### **CASE MANAGEMENT**



**269** projects

200 projects

#### USAGE



43%

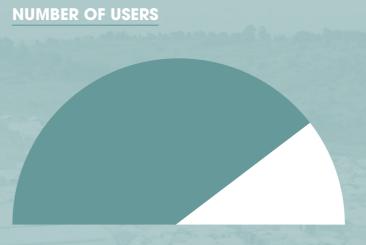
**©** 50% **....** 85%¹

#### **NUMBER OF CASES**



4,091

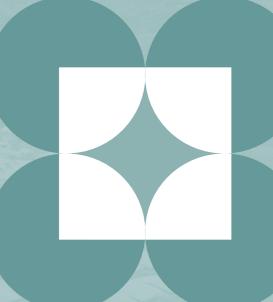
#### **SECURE MESSAGING**



users have access to the secure messaging application.

**11 254** 







#### **CLINICAL CASE DISCUSSIONS**

#### **NUMBER OF VIDEO CALLS**

CCD video calls were held.

#### **NUMBER OF CASES**

CCD video calls.



# YEAR IN REVIEW 2023

"The Telemedicine Program breaks down geographical barriers by providing secure solutions to healthcare professionals across MSF that enable clinical collaboration and offers more equitable, accessible, quality patient care."

In 2023, the program steered its efforts toward this aspirational goal. Having established robust foundations, the time had come to elevate and strengthen the program further. The primary focus was on enhancing connections within our diverse user base, including those using our services in MSF projects, the specialists in our volunteer network, and colleagues across MSF offices worldwide. Various initiatives were launched to achieve this objective and I am eager to provide you with the highlights of this past year.

#### **STAYING CONNECTED:**

208 MSF projects re-engaged

The Regional Implementation Officers started a re-engagement initiative with the goal of reestablishing connections and building relationships with every MSF project using at least one Telemedicine service. This provided a comprehensive overview of our portfolio, enabling the assessment of training needs and gauging interest in accessing additional services, such as the Secure Messaging application.

#### PROXIMITY TO OUR USERS:

20 MSF projects visited

#### **ELEVATING EXPERTISE:**

215 volunteer specialists were contacted to complete a refresher training

#### **RAISING AWARENESS:**

Over 19,000 people were reached through our communication campaign

The Telemedicine Program collaborated closely with the operations and various members of the team visited 20 projects to offer training and promote Telemedicine services. In collaboration with OCB in Ethiopia, we piloted a novel training approach, where our team successfully organized the first regional workshop, leveraging the proximity of users and allowing to synergize efforts. This experience yielded numerous positive outcomes, marking the first but certainly not the last occurrence of such an initiative.

Providing Telemedicine services would not be possible without the invaluable contributions of our medical specialists. This year, we continued our recruitment efforts to ensure a wide representation of various specialties on the Telemedicine platform, enhancing our ability to respond to cases. Our training activities have been refined to ensure that specialists are adequately equipped to provide tailored answers within the context of projects.

The program dedicated significant efforts to craft a new visual identity, including the creation of a logo, the revamping of our website and SharePoint, and the development of an informational video, among other initiatives. Tailoring our message to resonate with specific audiences is crucial to ensure that the program is recognizable and accessible to anyone interested in using its services.

In 2023, the efforts made in recent years to reorganize the program and refine its processes have shown significant results. These brief words only provide a glimpse of various initiatives. If you wish to explore more about the Telemedicine Program's 2023 activities, I invite you to delve into this report filled with detailed data, patient stories, and much more

I hope you enjoy reading the 2023 Telemedicine Annual Report.



CLARA MAZON

Director of Telemedicine Program



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## TELEMEDICINE **PROGRAM**

- 1. Provides telehealth services for MSF healthcare professionals
- 2. Connects a global network of clinical specialists
- 3. Fosters a community of knowledge

The three services are as follows:

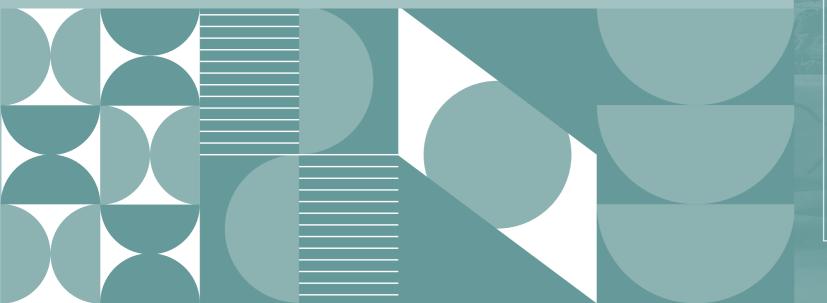
#### CASE MANAGEMENT

#### **SECURE MESSAGING**



#### **CLINICAL CASE DISCUSSIONS**





## PATIENT STORY

#### CHILD IN ETHIOPIA WITH FEVER AND HEPATOMEGALY

By Dr Nilza Angmo and Dr Ahmed Igbin

the Médecins Sans Frontières (MSF) clinic in Afar, and platelets, which the intensivist attributed to an Ethiopia. He had a medical history of abdominal enlarged spleen. distension and fever for three months. After being admitted, treatment began with blood transfusion elevated body temperature and hepatomegaly (enlarged liver) without icterus (jaundice) but had elevated liver enzymes.

The Telemedicine Platform was used to seek assistance due to an onset of jaundice and persistent fever despite treatment for leishmaniasis (with amphotericin abnormalities. The pediatrician from Brazil alerted the MSF team to the child's acute liver failure, based on the symptoms and bleeding. The pediatrician recommended strict monitoring of fluid balance.

A pediatric intensive care expert from the UK advised the administration of Vitamin K injections and other medications to mitigate the progression of liver disease and prevent hemorrhaging. Reiterated in this case. practical recommendations for monitoring the patient's condition included maintaining adequate fluid intake and monitoring urine output. The team successfully followed all instructions, and the patient's condition stabilized as liver enzymes began to decline, hemorrhage ceased, and the child became

An India-based MSF expert for leishmaniasis suggested the implementation of the leishmaniasis treatment protocol alongside regular monitoring of bilirubin and hemoglobin levels. On the 17th day, the child exhibited significant improvement, but he

A 3-year-old male weighing 8 kg presented to continued to present with low levels of hemoglobin

With the interdisciplinary evolution of the case, yet another specialist was added, a pediatric hepatogastroenterologist located in Canada who raised the suspicion of an immunogenic condition known as hemophagocytic lymphocytic histiocytosis (HLH), of intensive discussions and follow-up, the child had fully recovered and would be discharged.

The complex nature of the cases encountered at the MSF clinics in resource-limited environments poses a challenge for the teams in managing these cases independently. The telemedicine platform offers multispecialty support, which empowers healthcare providing supplementary guidance for patient care and reassurance for the team throughout the life cycle of a patient case. The management of these intricate cases facilitates the acquisition of knowledge and information, benefiting not only the project healthcare team but also the specialists involved, as exemplified

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## CASE MANAGEMENT

The Telemedicine Platform connects MSF healthcare professionals with experts around the world, providing access to specialized clinical and medical advice for any questions requiring a second opinion. MSF projects can submit a patient case on the platform at any time to receive written advice from a specialist within 24 hours.

In 2023, over 300 volunteer specialists, both internal and external to MSF, played a crucial role in supporting MSF projects around the world by offering specialized advice on a total of 4,898 cases. This reflects a 20% increase compared to 2022, during which 4,091 cases were submitted.





The analysis of Telemedicine Platform the OCG-Chui project in Kyrgyzstan, usage data in 2023 reveals a wherein the Telemedicine Platform noticeable increase in the median was used to disseminate expert number of cases per month, reaching insights on cervical cancer screening. 390 compared to 323 in 2022. Several Projects with substantial usage, initiatives may have contributed notably OCB-Kenema Hospital and to this rise in cases, including the OCG-Chui, exert a significant influence re-engagement initiative led by the on the overall usage pattern. Regional Implementation Officers, project visits throughout the year, and increased program communications.

The strong increase in usage to healthcare facilities during specific throughout the year, particularly in months can be attributed to factors August, can also be attributed to affecting patient mobility, such as

It is important to recognize that various factors can significantly influence the usage of telemedicine. Limited access

seasonal conditions like heavy rainfall, snowfall, or extreme temperatures. Additionally, other influencing factors may include conflicts that impede regular access to healthcare services.



#### **OCG-Chui** (Kyrgyzstan)

Cervical and breast cancers screening

1.313 cases in 2023

Located in the northern region of Kyrgyzstan, the OCG-Chui project focuses on women's health. Telemedicine is used to ensure quality control across diverse screening methods, particularly in cervical cancer and breast cancer detection through ultrasound. It serves as a valuable tool for obtaining second opinions on breast mammograof health staff, while also facilitating the organization of tailored mentorship and refresher training programs.



#### **OCB-Kenema Hospital** (Sierra Leone)

Pediatric and maternity hospital

521 cases in 2023

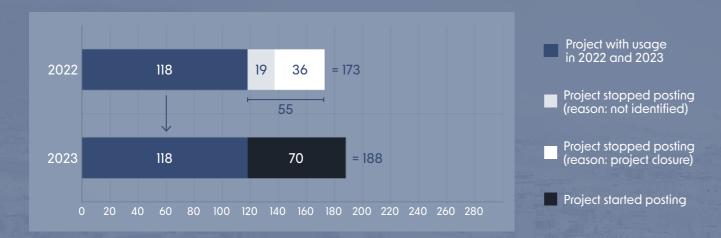
MSF Hangha Hospital officially opened in 2019 and delivers healthcare services to children under five years old. It is one of OCB's biggest pediatrics projects and the only ICU pediatric ward available in the region. The OCB-Kenema Hospital was the first OCB project to send all X-ray images to Telemedicine and therefore to incorporate TM into its operations by having a dedicated radiologist perform X-ray interpretations using the Telemedicine Platform. This way of working explains the high usage of TM.

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#### PROJECT USAGE

In 2023, the number of projects posting at least one case rose to 188, surpassing the 173 recorded in 2022. Despite the apparent consistency in project usage, noteworthy changes were made. Specifically, 55 projects that were active in 2022 ceased posting cases in 2023, 65% of which were attributed to project closure. In contrast, 70 new projects posted their first case in 2023. This notable variation can be attributed to the MSF project life cycle and to the re-engagement initiative led by the Regional Implementation Officers.







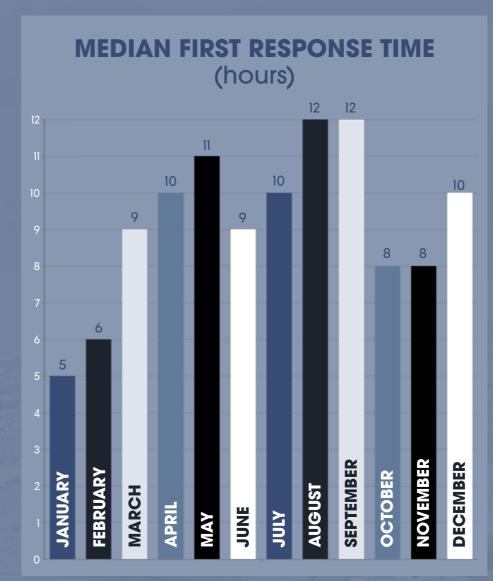


## **OCA-Kandahar Secondary Healthcare** (Afghanistan)

Drug-resistant tuberculosis testing and treatment project

**238** cases in 2023

Located in the southern part of Afghanistan, the OCA-Kandahar project focuses on drug-resistant tuberculosis. The project uses TM to send the baseline X-ray of patients diagnosed with multidrug-resistant TB to radiologists on the TM platform, resulting in high usage of the service with 238 cases in 2023.



First response time refers to the number of hours it takes for a specialist (MSF HQ specialist or volunteer specialist) to respond to a case from the time it is created. It includes the time taken for allocation and a specialist to accept the case once allocated to them

In 2023, the median first response time was 9 hours, meaning cases submitted on the Telemedicine Platform are typically answered by a specialist within the same day. It is important to note that not all cases require a quick response from specialists. Some projects will use the TM platform for secure storage and information exchange in operational research or for the Clinical Case Discussions service, which do not require immediate response. To accurately reflect the response time of specialists, these projects have been excluded from this measure.



#### **OCP-Khamer** (Yemen)

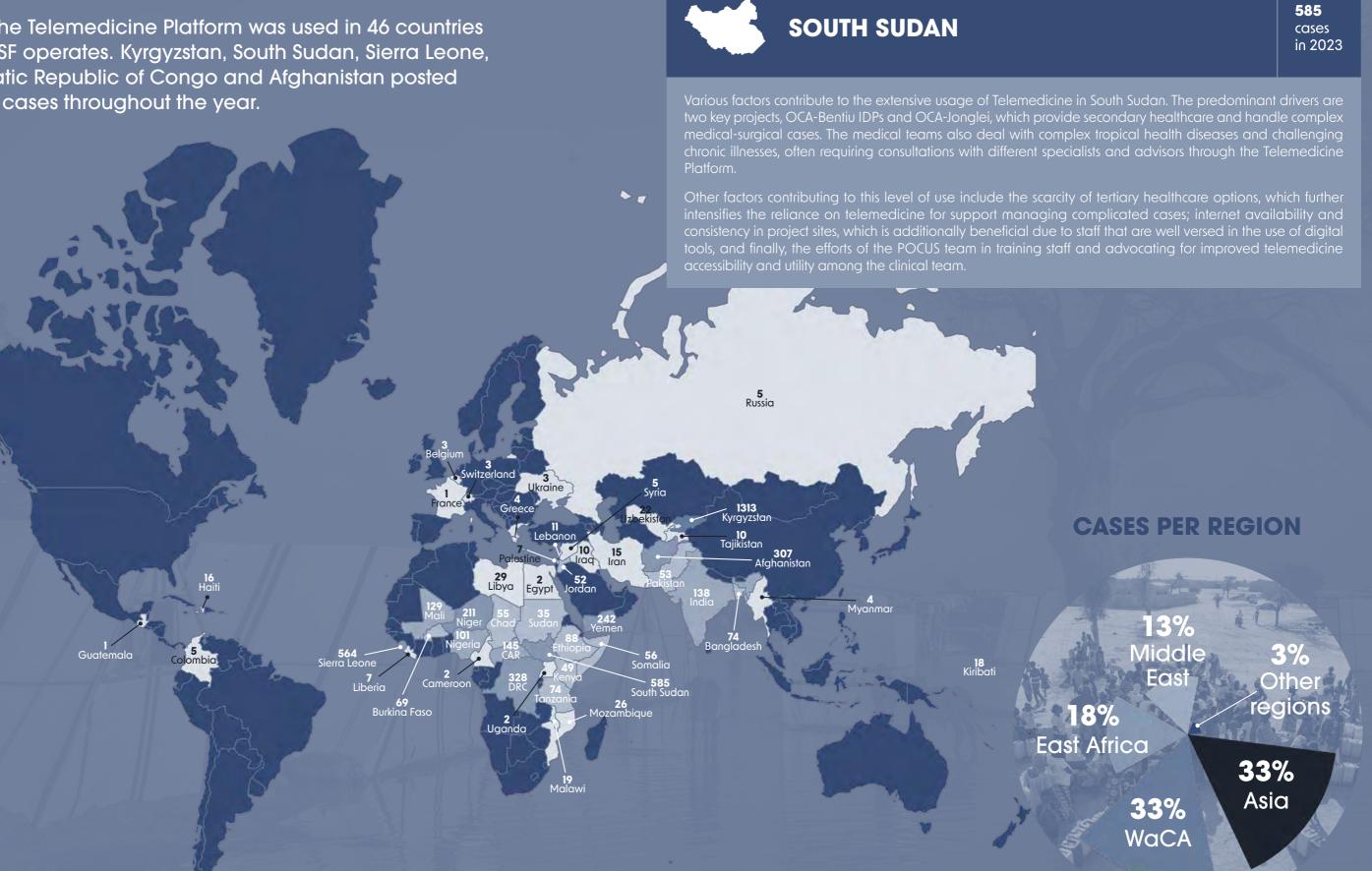
Focus on maternal and child health

**40** cases in 2023

Since 2013, OCP-Khamer has actively participated in all facets of the hospital, with a primary focus on maternal and child health. The project now offers support for the emergency room, maternity care, operating theatres, laboratories, sterilization, X-ray, sexual reproductive health services, vaccination, ambulatory therapeutic feeding centres (ATFC), and physiotherapy. The usage of telemedicine is attributed to locally hired staff, who have seamlessly integrated telemedicine into their work.

#### **CASES PER COUNTRY**

In 2023, the Telemedicine Platform was used in 46 countries where MSF operates. Kyrgyzstan, South Sudan, Sierra Leone, Democratic Republic of Congo and Afghanistan posted the most cases throughout the year.



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#### CASES ACCEPTED PER SPECIALITY



required on a case.

In 2023, pediatrics and radiology had the highest demand for support on the

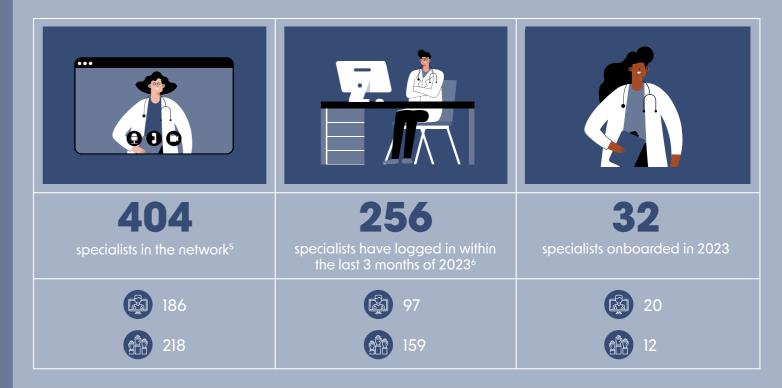
This information illustrates the Telemedicine Platform. The demand within MSF projects for interpreting demand for each specialty on the for pediatrics was anticipated, Telemedicine Platform. The specialties considering the operational context are representative of the expertise of of MSF, where over 60% of patients services, as the interpretation of specialists accepting cases. It is worth are younger than 15 years old4. radiological data yields concise and noting that the total count surpasses Additionally, a substantial number straightforward advice, establishing the number of cases reported in 2023, of radiology cases were posted due well-defined expectations. Using as more than one specialty is often to specific projects relying on the telemedicine in radiology proves Telemedicine Platform for transmitting highly cost-effective and contributes X-ray images. This is driven by the to reducing the necessity for referrals absence of specialized experts on the ground.

such images. Radiology seamlessly integrates into telemedicine

#### TELEMEDICINE **SPECIALISTS**







"I AM HONOURED TO SUPPORT MSF'S RADIOLOGY TELEMEDICINE TEAM THROUGHOUT MANY PARTS OF THE WORLD. I AM GRATEFUL TO HAVE AN OPPORTUNITY TO CONTRIBUTE TO THE CARE OF PATIENTS IN VARIOUS SETTINGS, AND OFTEN END UP LEARNING MORE IN RETURN FROM MY COLLEAGUES AND PATIENTS. THANK YOU, MSF, FOR THE OPPORTUNITY TO SERVE."

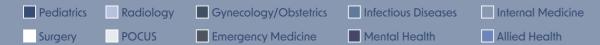
- DR. MUHAMMAD MUNSHI (VOLUNTEER RADIOLOGY SPECIALIST)

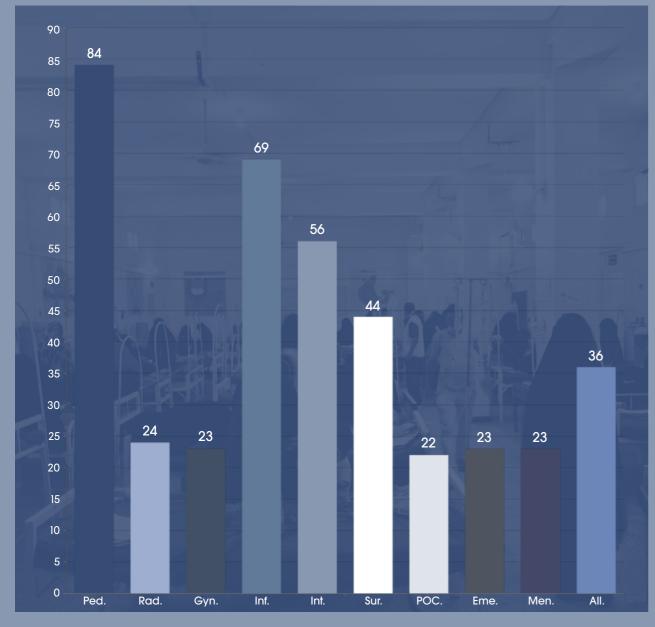
- <sup>2</sup> This value represents the number of cases that involved a non-POCUS specialist reviewing ultrasound imaging. Due to the nature of the analysis, please factor in a possible error rate of up to 10%.
- <sup>3</sup> Allied Health includes Blood transfusion, Clinical Pharmacy, Dentist, Dietetics, Laboratory, Nursing, Physiotherapy Public Health, Vaccination and Wound Care
- <sup>4</sup> MSF International. Medical Activities: Child Health. Available at: https://www.msf.org/child-health
- <sup>5</sup> Includes specialists marked available on the Telemedicine Plat-
- <sup>6</sup> These data are intended to inform about the use of the Telemedicine Platform by our users. However, it is important to consider that some specialists may have longer intervals of no logins if their specialty receives a lower-case volume (e.g, Allied Health.)



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#### **VOLUNTEER SPECIALISTS** BY PRIMARY SPECIALTY





To uphold efficient response times plays a crucial role in guiding spe-

## PATIENT STORY

#### PEDIATRIC EMERGENCY IN KABUL: PNEUMONIA AND SEPTICEMIA

By Dr Nilza Angmo and Dr Ahmed Igbin

at 5 kg, presented with a high fever and cough at the specific skin care practices, such as bathing without MSF clinic in Kabul, Afghanistan. An initial diagnosis of soap, pat-drying, and not applying any disinfectant to suspected pneumonia and sepsis of unknown origin the skin's surface. It was recommended that generous was made. The child had previously been treated for amounts of petroleum ielly be applied to all open pneumonia in another facility and was unvaccinated wounds, protected by a layer of gauze. for measles.

The child was started on parenteral antibiotics and a week later, the team reported that the child's (Ceftriaxone) and nutritional therapy on admission, and by the sixth day, had developed a generalized body rash, conjunctivitis, and difficulty in breathing. Suspecting a hospital acquired measles infection of oral feeding with the apeutic milk following the the child continued to receive antibiotics. Antibiotics removal of the nasogastric tube. brought fever down, however, the child's condition deteriorated over a few days, requiring oxygen therapy and nasoaastric feeding. Also, the skin rashes became bullous and desquamated, increasing the risk of infection.

for further assistance with a tentative diagnosis of of the body's skin area and is associated with an Stevens-Johnson Syndrome (SJS).

The case was reviewed and supported on TM by In this case of dermatological emergency, a positive case exhibited a severe manifestation known as Lyell team. Syndrome or Toxic Epidermal Necrolysis (TEN), which is attributed to the prolonged administration of parenteral antibiotics.

In addition to protecting against hypothermia and protein loss, the Telemedicine specialists suggested discontinuing all non-essential medications, particularly cephalosporins while continuing the pain medication. Furthermore, a wound care specialist

A 9-month-old male child, moderately malnourished based in the United States recommended extremely

The child received the recommended treatment, condition had improved. They noted good healing of the skin, resolving mouth lesions and eye infection, an increased level of consciousness, and tolerance

Stevens-Johnson Syndrome (SJS) and Toxic Epidermal Necrolysis (TEN) also known as Lyell Syndrome, are dermatological emergencies of a severe and lifethreatening nature. These conditions are distinguished by the extensive involvement of the skin and mucous At this stage a drug reaction was suspected by a local membranes, affecting areas such as the eyes, mouth, specialist, and all medications were discontinued. The and genital regions. SJS affects approximately 10% case was then submitted to the Telemedicine Platform of the skin surface, but TEN involves more than 30% average reported mortality rate of 25% to 35%.

a dermatologist based in Switzerland and a gene- outcome was achieved due to prompt diagnosis, ral pediatrician based in Belgium, who validated thorough recommendations from the specialists, and the diagnosis of Drug induced reaction of SJS. This effective communication and follow-up by the Kabul

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> French LE. Toxic epidermal necrolysis and Stevens Johnson syndrome: our current understanding. Allergol Int. 2006 Mar;55(1):9-16. doi: 10.2332/allergolint.55.9. PMID: 17075281.

The Clinical Case Discussions service gives MSF project staff the opportunity to connect in real-time with a specialist matched to their project's need. During the regular video call, the healthcare professionals get the chance to discuss potential solutions to complex cases and explore learnings from resolved cases. This service is available as an add-on to the Case Management service.

In 2023, the existing service was revamped to enhance scalability, leading to a temporary suspension of new implementations, with plans to relaunch in early 2024.





#### **OCA-Patna Advanced HIV** (India)

**80** cases **39** sessions

The project was established in February 2019 with the aim of providing quality healthcare to patients with advanced HIV. Since December 2020, weekly sessions have been held to review specific cases selected by the project medical staff. Patients living with HIV who have severe comorbidities and opportunistic infections are discussed, facilitating diagnosis, medical management, or subspecialty consultation.



#### **OCBA-Diffa** (Niger)

**29** cases **21** sessions

Located in the southeast of Niger, the OCBA-Diffa project operates in a context of armed conflict, supporting the Centre Materno-Infantile of Diffa and in Nguigmi primary facility. The main activities at the project are pediatric, including neonatology, maternity, and obstetric emergencies.

"Understanding the precise role of a "focal point" can often be challenging, yet through my collaboration with the telemedicine team, I've discerned key areas where our collective efforts have significantly benefited patient care. In 2023, we contributed to a notable increase in telemedicine usage by raising awareness of the streamlined case management service and enhanced secure messaging capabilities. Additionally, through collaborations with various stakeholders, our focus has been on improving the quality of care delivered while simultaneously advocating for stringent adherence to healthcare regulations. Furthermore, as part of my responsibilities, fostering collaboration and networking both within and beyond MSF remains integral to achieving our telemedicine objectives effectively."

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#### **NORTHAN HURTADO**

Deputy Medical Director, OCP
OCP Telemedicine Focal Point



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## SECURE MESSAGING

Baseline 2022

The secure messaging (SM) application allows healthcare professionals to securely connect with experts in their network to discuss patient and case-related information via instant messages. The application is being used by various MSF staff, including clinicians, HQ medical advisors and referents across all six operational centres. The service offers a safe and secure messaging alternative for medical discussions.









#### VENDOR TRANSITION

In May 2023, the Telemedicine Program received notice of a strategic shift in the business approach of its secure messaging service vendor, prompting the termination of the contract. Immediate efforts were initiated to search for a new vendor, ensuring a smooth transition for Telemedicine users. By early June, a new vendor was selected, and the user transition was successfully completed. This transition not only ensured the continuity of the service but has also led to a growing number of users gaining access to the service. Enhanced communication efforts have played a key role in raising awareness about the service offered.

Hence, the 2023 data presented above only encompasses the final six months of the year, specifically from June 2023 to December 2023.



#### WaCA-Agboville (Côte d'Ivoire)

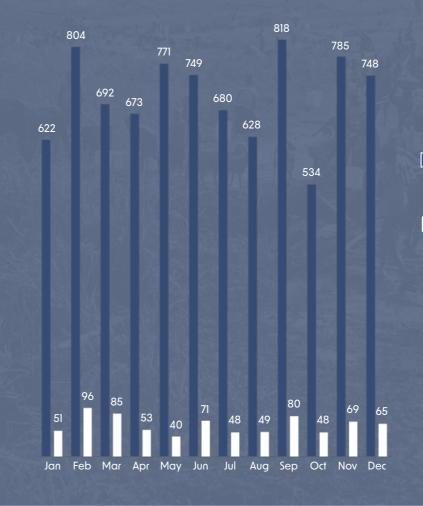
WaCA-Led Initiative

Access to quality medical care poses a significant challenge in remote areas, where shortages of medical personnel and geographical and financial obstacles hinder healthcare services. Recognizing the potential of Telemedicine as a solution, WaCA collaborated with local NGOs and the Ministry of Health to implement an initiative that aims to develop healthcare coverage, enhance the quality of care, and provide an effective response to epidemics and disasters. This aligns with the broader hospital reform in Côte d'Ivoire, where telemedicine plays a pivotal role.

Focusing initially on the Agboville Health District, WaCA has implemented Telemedicine Stations in 11 Health Centres of the district. The teams, composed of nurses and midwives, use portable diagnostic stations to gather important information about patients' physical conditions, to provide diagnostic assessments and to monitor patients during treatment or rehabilitation. The station enables diverse functions, such as measuring blood pressure, conducting electrocardiogram examinations, echography, monitoring heart rate, measuring blood glucose levels, analyzing urine, and assessing respiratory function.

While this initiative functions independently of the Telemedicine Program, the WaCA project incorporates the **Secure Messaging application** alongside this technology. Leveraging this application facilitates efficient case discussions and collaborative efforts among the team.

In 2023, WaCA-Agboville used the Telemedicine Station for 8,504 patients to measure vital signs. Among them, 755 patients were referred to tele-expertise, using the secure messaging service from MSF's Telemedicine Program to reach out to a local network of experts to discuss the best course of treatment and receive support.



- Patients consulted via WaCA
  Telemedicine Station
- Patients referred for Tele-expertise

## PROGRAM INITIATIVES



#### **INVITING USER FEEDBACK**

centric approach, a survey was sent to all users data privacy regulations, and staying well to better understand their needs and collect informed about the resources available in feedback to enhance satisfaction. This initiative project settings. produced notable outcomes, including the development of a comprehensive requirements expansion of Telemedicine services.

specialists with additional information on how improvement. to tailor their responses to the unique context

Introduced as part of our commitment to a user- of MSF's operations, ensuring compliance with

Given the need for more accessible ways of matrix that serves as the cornerstone for the using Telemedicine, mobile applications have been in development to ensure users can access the Telemedicine Platform on their phones with Based on feedback received from users, the limited or no connectivity. In 2023, the mobile training modules were updated to better apps for the Telemedicine Platform were piloted address gaps, with a particular focus on the successfully, with plans to roll-out in 2024. These specialist training needs, leading to the creation outcomes highlight the program's commitment of a course on Tembo. This course equips to a user-centric service design and continuous



#### **RAISING AWARENESS**

To amplify awareness and understanding of our **Website** services, the Telemedicine Program launched an awareness campaign through various channels across MSF. Throughout the year, the Telemedicine website was revamped and launched, a new logo was created, and program resources were designed in various formats (videos, one-pagers, poster, etc.). Additionally, engagement through social media and internal MSF channels were leveraged for communications to increase visibility. These efforts were **Video** directed to all MSF staff, ensuring they are well informed about the TM program and can easily access any services they need.





#### **CONNECTING WITH USERS**

ensure continued engagement, they identified toward its growth and effectiveness. a point of contact at every project for future communications.

The outcomes of this initiative were substantial, with 208 projects contacted and 165 points of

To better connect with projects using contact established with projects and coordina-Telemedicine, a re-engagement initiative tion offices using Telemedicine services. Notably, was launched by the TM program to esta- the team conducted 57 training sessions for the blish stronger relationships with users. Regional Secure Messaging and Case Management Implementation Officers (RIO) engaged pro-services. This initiative also resulted in 23 new jects using Telemedicine within their portfolios requests to implement the Secure Messaging to establish their role as the designated contact service and 18 new requests to implement for Telemedicine. They addressed any issues or the Case Management service. It significantly barriers hindering usage of TM services raised bolstered connections and support within the by projects and offered training support. To Telemedicine network, significantly contributing





### POCUS & Telemedicine usage in OCG-Angumu (DRC)

**76** cases

#### **PATIENT STORY**

Located in Ituri province within the Democratic Republic of Congo, the OCG-Angumu project has been operational since 2019. This intervention encompasses diverse facets of community healthcare, primary and secondary healthcare, addressing crucial issues such as the well-being of children under 15, malnutrition, sexual and reproductive health, mental health, and health promotion. Furthermore, the project provides secondary care at the General Referral Hospital, with a specific emphasis on nutrition and pediatrics. The high usage of Telemedicine by the project (76 cases in 2023) is closely tied to Point-of-Care Ultrasound (POCUS).

Within projects such as OCG-Angumu, the medical teams have been trained to perform POCUS. This training, in addition to the support received through the Telemedicine Platform, has given them the ability to diagnose complex congenital heart diseases. The proficiency of the project team enabled the TM pediatric cardiology specialist assigned to these cases to make precise diagnoses and offer prognoses, crucially aiding communication with families and patients. While complete cures may face limitations due to restricted access to cardiac surgery, the team adeptly focuses on offering targeted symptom management for heart failure, along with providing counselling to families and medical teams, ultimately avoiding unnecessary procedures and treatments.

"Thank you for your extremely detailed and insightful advice on how to approach such a case. It contains very valuable information that I will put to use in this project but that I also keep with me on my next assignments."

DR AMIN MANSSOURI, OCG-SAMOS IN GREECE

One notable patient case involved a young girl exhibiting generalized edema and respiratory distress. Theteam used Cardiac Point-of-Care Ultrasound (POCUS) to send images for review through the Telemedicine Platform. The case was assigned to a pediatric cardiologist in the TM volunteer network, who confirme heart failure and ruled out congenital malformations. Following the prescribed medication recommendations, the team observed a swift improvement in the patient's cardiac symptoms. Concurrently, additional tests were conducted to ascertain the underlying diagnosis, showcasing the collaborative approach between telemedicine and onsite medical interventions.

Angumu team, DRC

A pediatric case involved a young patient with a bony swelling on the leg. The team considered potential causes such as a tumour or infectious conditions like osteomyelitis. The case was posted on the TM Platform and assigned to a radiologist in the TM volunteer network who reviewed the submitted Point-of-Care Ultrasound (POCUS) images of the bone and confirmed that it resembled a tumour. This information allowed the team to communicate effectively with the family, avoiding unnecessary treatments and guiding them to a facility equipped to address this particular medical condition, even though our capabilities at MSF were limited in this regard. Providing accurate and informative guidance to the family was perceived as a valuable outcome by the team.

Angumu team, DRC

## PERSPECTIVE 2024

Looking ahead, we will build off our established foundations, focusing on connectivity and scalability. As we plan for the year ahead, we will prioritize:

- Connecting with our users and continuing to understand their needs and barriers.
- Engaging with our current volunteers and recruiting new specialists interested in joining the TM network, using the TM awareness package developed in 2023.
- Training our users, including volunteers, through various means (remote, in-person, workshops, self-paced courses, etc.) to ensure continued access to and usage of Telemedicine services with minimal interruptions to daily workflows.
- Improving our understanding of connectivity limitations in MSF projects to better support the implementation and usage of TM services.
- Exploring new TM services to expand our offering and better meet the needs of our users.
- Scaling the usage of TM services across MSF by leveraging streamlined implementation processes and relaunching the Clinical Case Discussions service.
- Streamlining our operational workflows, with a specific goal to reduce the time to respond to cases.





## THANK YOU

We sincerely thank all contributors who have played a significant role in the success of the Telemedicine Program this year. The collaborative efforts and support from each of you have been crucial in advancing our common goal of providing healthcare that is equitable, accessible, and of high quality.













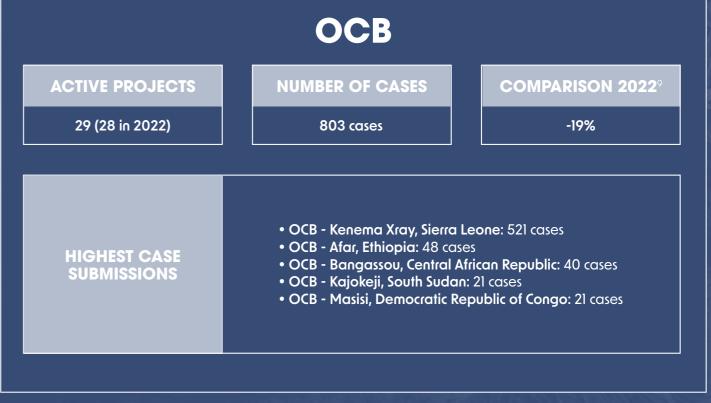
## APPENDIX 1

#### **CASE MANAGEMENT**





# ACTIVE PROJECTS® A44 (39 in 2022) NUMBER OF CASES 1,135 cases -11% OCA - Kandahar, Afghanistan: 238 cases OCA - Bentiu, South Sudan: 180 cases OCA - Jonglei, South Sudan: 123 cases OCA - Bihar, India: 118 cases OCA - Unity Primary Healthcare, South Sudan: 74 cases



- <sup>8</sup> Project posted at least 1 case within 2023
- <sup>9</sup> Number of cases posted in 2022 and number of cases posted in 2023

#### **OCBA**

**ACTIVE PROJECTS** 

32 (31 in 2022)

**NUMBER OF CASES** 

748 cases

**COMPARISON 2022**9

-8%

HIGHEST CASE **SUBMISSIONS** 

- OCBA Diffa, Niger: 108 cases
- OCBA Salamabila, Democratic Republic of Congo: 78 cases
- OCBA Malakal, South Sudan: 77 cases
- OCBA Douentza, Mali: 70 cases
- OCBA Batangafo, Central African Republic: 56 cases
- OCBA Zamfara State, Nigeria: 56 cases

#### **OCP**

**ACTIVE PROJECTS** 

49 (46 in 2022)

**NUMBER OF CASES** 

534 cases

**COMPARISON 2022**9

+18%

**HIGHEST CASE SUBMISSIONS** 

- OCP Amman Hospital, Jordan: 52 cases
- OCP Khamer, Yemen: 40 cases
- OCP Homa Bay, Kenya: 37 cases
- OCP Aweil, South Sudan: 35 cases
- OCP Goyalmara, Bangladesh: 31 cases

#### OCG

**ACTIVE PROJECTS** 

30 (23 in 2022)

**NUMBER OF CASES** 

1,656 cases

COMPARISON 20229

+198%

HIGHEST CASE **SUBMISSIONS** 

- OCG Chui, Kyrgystan: 1,313 cases
- OCG Angumu, Democratic Republic of Congo: 76 cases
- OCG Nduta, Tanzania: 74 cases
- OCG Ad Dahi, Yemen: 28 cases
- OCG Kiribati, Kiribati: 18 cases

#### WaCA

**ACTIVE PROJECTS** 

**NUMBER OF CASES** 

22 cases

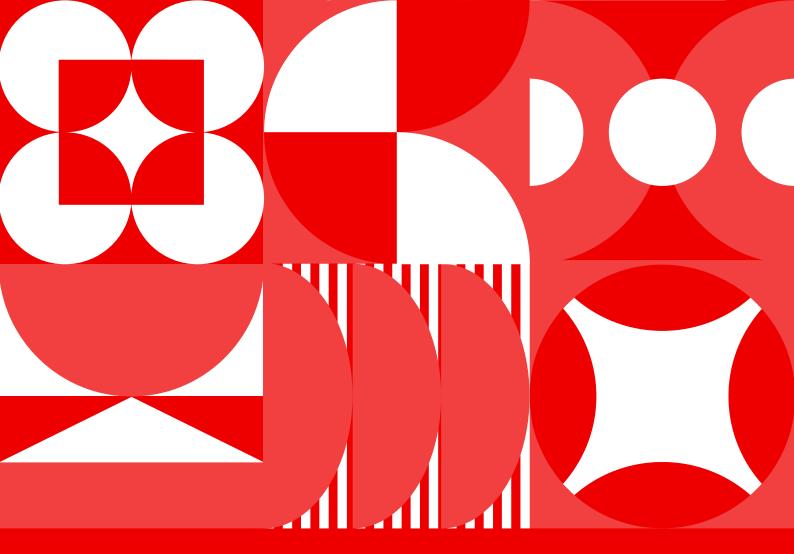
**COMPARISON 2022°** 

N/A

HIGHEST CASE **SUBMISSIONS** 

- WaCA Guidan Roumdji, Niger: 13 cases
- WaCA Madaoua, Niger: 4 cases
- WaCA Nutrition Ndjamena, Chad: 3 cases
- WaCA Kano, Nigeria: 2 cases

<sup>9</sup> Number of cases posted in 2022 and number of cases posted in 2023



#### PRODUCED BY

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